

Australian Government Australian Signals Directorate



Essential Eight Maturity Model and ISM Mapping

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Introduction

The Australian Signals Directorate (ASD) has developed prioritised mitigation strategies, in the form of the <u>Strategies</u> <u>to Mitigate Cyber Security Incidents</u>, to help organisations protect themselves against various cyber threats. The most effective of these mitigation strategies are the Essential Eight.

The <u>Essential Eight Maturity Model</u>, first published in June 2017 and updated regularly, supports the implementation of the Essential Eight. It is based on ASD's experience in producing cyber threat intelligence, responding to cyber security incidents, conducting penetration testing and assisting organisations to implement the Essential Eight.

This publication provides a mapping between the <u>Essential Eight Maturity Model</u> and the <u>Information Security Manual</u> (ISM).

Mapping between the *Essential Eight Maturity Model* and the ISM

Maturity Level One

Mitigation Strategy	Essential Eight Requirement	ISM Control
Patch applications	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in online services.	ISM-1698
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least weekly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products.	ISM-1699



	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1876
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1690
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within two weeks of release.	ISM-1691
	Online services that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1905
	Office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, Adobe Flash Player, and security products that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1704
Patch operating systems	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1701
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non-internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1702
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1877
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1694
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non-internet-facing network devices are applied within one month of release.	ISM-1695
	Operating systems that are no longer supported by vendors are replaced.	ISM-1501



Multi-factor authentication	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1504
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1679
	Multi-factor authentication (where available) is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's non-sensitive data.	ISM-1680
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1892
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1893
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate customers to online customer services that process, store or communicate sensitive customer data.	ISM-1681
	Multi-factor authentication uses either: something users have and something users know, or something users have that is unlocked by something users know or are.	ISM-1401
Restrict Idministrative privileges	Requests for privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories are validated when first requested.	ISM-1507
in wieges	Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used solely for duties requiring privileged access.	ISM-0445
	Privileged accounts (excluding those explicitly authorised to access online services) are prevented from accessing the internet, email and web services.	ISM-1175
	Privileged accounts explicitly authorised to access online services are strictly limited to only what is required for users and services to undertake their duties.	ISM-1883
	Privileged users use separate privileged and unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1380
	Unprivileged accounts cannot logon to privileged operating environments.	ISM-1688



	Privileged accounts (excluding local administrator accounts) cannot logon to unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1689
Application control	Application control is implemented on workstations.	ISM-0843
	Application control is applied to user profiles and temporary folders used by operating systems, web browsers and email clients.	ISM-1870
	Application control restricts the execution of executables, software libraries, scripts, installers, compiled HTML, HTML applications and control panel applets to an organisation-approved set.	ISM-1657
Restrict Microsoft Office macros	Microsoft Office macros are disabled for users that do not have a demonstrated business requirement.	ISM-1671
	Microsoft Office macros in files originating from the internet are blocked.	ISM-1488
	Microsoft Office macro antivirus scanning is enabled.	ISM-1672
	Microsoft Office macro security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1489
User application hardening	Internet Explorer 11 is disabled or removed.	ISM-1654
C C	Web browsers do not process Java from the internet.	ISM-1486
	Web browsers do not process web advertisements from the internet.	ISM-1485
	Web browser security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1585
Regular backups	Backups of data, applications and settings are performed and retained in accordance with business criticality and business continuity requirements.	ISM-1511
	Backups of data, applications and settings are synchronised to enable restoration to a common point in time.	ISM-1810
	Backups of data, applications and settings are retained in a secure and resilient manner.	ISM-1811
	Restoration of data, applications and settings from backups to a common point in time is tested as part of disaster recovery exercises.	ISM-1515
	Unprivileged accounts cannot access backups belonging to other accounts.	ISM-1812
	Unprivileged accounts are prevented from modifying and deleting backups.	ISM-1814



Maturity Level Two

Mitigation Strategy	Essential Eight Requirement	ISM Control
Patch applications	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in online services.	ISM-1698
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least weekly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products.	ISM-1699
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in applications other than office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products.	ISM-1700
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1876
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1690
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within two weeks of release.	ISM-1691
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in applications other than office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within one month of release.	ISM-1693
	Online services that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1905
	Office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, Adobe Flash Player, and security products that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1704



Patch operating systems	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1701
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non-internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1702
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1877
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1694
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non-internet-facing network devices are applied within one month of release.	ISM-1695
	Operating systems that are no longer supported by vendors are replaced.	ISM-1501
Aulti-factor uthentication	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1504
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1679
	Multi-factor authentication (where available) is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's non-sensitive data.	ISM-1680
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1892



Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1893
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate customers to online customer services that process, store or communicate sensitive customer data.	ISM-1681
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate privileged users of systems.	ISM-1173
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate unprivileged users of systems.	ISM-0974
Multi-factor authentication uses either: something users have and something users know, or something users have that is unlocked by something users know or are.	ISM-1401
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating users of online services is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1872
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating customers of online customer services provides a phishing-resistant option.	ISM-1873
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating users of systems is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1682
Successful and unsuccessful multi-factor authentication events are centrally logged.	ISM-1683
Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123
Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0140
Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819



Restrict administrative privileges	Requests for privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories are validated when first requested.	ISM-1507
provided	Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is disabled after 12 months unless revalidated.	ISM-1647
	Privileged access to systems and applications is disabled after 45 days of inactivity.	ISM-1648
	Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used solely for duties requiring privileged access.	ISM-0445
	Privileged accounts (excluding those explicitly authorised to access online services) are prevented from accessing the internet, email and web services.	ISM-1175
	Privileged accounts explicitly authorised to access online services are strictly limited to only what is required for users and services to undertake their duties.	ISM-1883
	Privileged users use separate privileged and unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1380
	Privileged operating environments are not virtualised within unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1687
	Unprivileged accounts cannot logon to privileged operating environments.	ISM-1688
	Privileged accounts (excluding local administrator accounts) cannot logon to unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1689
	Administrative activities are conducted through jump servers.	ISM-1387
	Credentials for break glass accounts, local administrator accounts and service accounts are long, unique, unpredictable and managed.	ISM-1685
	Privileged access events are centrally logged.	ISM-1509
	Privileged account and group management events are centrally logged.	ISM-1650
	Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
	Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
	Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228



ncidents are reported to the Chief Information Security	ISM-0123
of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or	
	ISM-0140
	ISM-1819
trol is implemented on workstations.	ISM-0843
trol is implemented on internet-facing servers.	ISM-1490
	ISM-1870
	ISM-1871
, installers, compiled HTML, HTML applications and	ISM-1657
ommended application blocklist is implemented.	ISM-1544
trol rulesets are validated on an annual or more frequent	ISM-1582
ocked application control events are centrally logged.	ISM-1660
rotected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
	ISM-1906
	ISM-1228
	ISM-0123
	ISM-0140
lentification of a cyber security incident, the cyber t response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819
	Incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after re discovered. Identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber t response plan is enacted. trol is implemented on workstations. trol is applied to user profiles and temporary folders ng systems, web browsers and email clients. trol is applied to all locations other than user profiles and ers used by operating systems, web browsers and email trol restricts the execution of executables, software , installers, compiled HTML, HTML applications and oplets to an organisation-approved set. ommended application blocklist is implemented. trol rulesets are validated on an annual or more frequent ocked application control events are centrally logged. wortected from unauthorised modification and deletion. internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner security events. events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber ts. incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security of their delegates, as soon as possible after re discovered.



Restrict Microsoft Office macros	Microsoft Office macros are disabled for users that do not have a demonstrated business requirement.	ISM-1671
	Microsoft Office macros in files originating from the internet are blocked.	ISM-1488
	Microsoft Office macro antivirus scanning is enabled.	ISM-1672
	Microsoft Office macros are blocked from making Win32 API calls.	ISM-1673
	Microsoft Office macro security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1489
User application hardening	Internet Explorer 11 is disabled or removed.	ISM-1654
	Web browsers do not process Java from the internet.	ISM-1486
	Web browsers do not process web advertisements from the internet.	ISM-1485
	Web browsers are hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1412
	Web browser security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1585
	Microsoft Office is blocked from creating child processes.	ISM-1667
	Microsoft Office is blocked from creating executable content.	ISM-1668
	Microsoft Office is blocked from injecting code into other processes.	ISM-1669
	Microsoft Office is configured to prevent activation of Object Linking and Embedding packages.	ISM-1542
	Office productivity suites are hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1859
	Office productivity suite security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1823
	PDF software is blocked from creating child processes.	ISM-1670
	PDF software is hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1860
	PDF software security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1824



	PowerShell module logging, script block logging and transcription events are centrally logged.	ISM-1623
	Command line process creation events are centrally logged.	ISM-1889
	Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
	Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
	Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
	Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123
	Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0140
	Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819
Regular backups	Backups of data, applications and settings are performed and retained in accordance with business criticality and business continuity requirements.	ISM-1511
	Backups of data, applications and settings are synchronised to enable restoration to a common point in time.	ISM-1810
	Backups of data, applications and settings are retained in a secure and resilient manner.	ISM-1811
	Restoration of data, applications and settings from backups to a common point in time is tested as part of disaster recovery exercises.	ISM-1515
	Unprivileged accounts cannot access backups belonging to other accounts.	ISM-1812
	Privileged accounts (excluding backup administrator accounts) cannot access backups belonging to other accounts.	ISM-1705
	Unprivileged accounts are prevented from modifying and deleting backups.	ISM-1814
	Privileged accounts (excluding backup administrator accounts) are prevented from modifying and deleting backups.	ISM-1707



Maturity Level Three

Mitigation Strategy	Essential Eight Requirement	ISM Control
Patch applications	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in online services.	ISM-1698
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least weekly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products.	ISM-1699
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in applications other than office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products.	ISM-1700
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1876
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in online services are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1690
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1692
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1901
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in applications other than office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, and security products are applied within one month of release.	ISM-1693



	Online services that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1905
	Office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, Adobe Flash Player, and security products that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-1704
	Applications other than office productivity suites, web browsers and their extensions, email clients, PDF software, Adobe Flash Player, and security products that are no longer supported by vendors are removed.	ISM-0304
Patch operating systems	An automated method of asset discovery is used at least fortnightly to support the detection of assets for subsequent vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1807
	A vulnerability scanner with an up-to-date vulnerability database is used for vulnerability scanning activities.	ISM-1808
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least daily to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1701
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non-internet-facing network devices.	ISM-1702
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in drivers.	ISM-1703
	A vulnerability scanner is used at least fortnightly to identify missing patches or updates for vulnerabilities in firmware.	ISM-1900
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1877
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of internet-facing servers and internet-facing network devices are applied within two weeks of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1694
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non- internet-facing network devices are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working	ISM-1696



	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in operating systems of workstations, non-internet-facing servers and non- internet-facing network devices are applied within one month of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1902
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in drivers are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1879
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in drivers are applied within one month of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1697
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in firmware are applied within 48 hours of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as critical by vendors or when working exploits exist.	ISM-1903
	Patches, updates or other vendor mitigations for vulnerabilities in firmware are applied within one month of release when vulnerabilities are assessed as non-critical by vendors and no working exploits exist.	ISM-1904
	The latest release, or the previous release, of operating systems are used.	ISM-1407
	Operating systems that are no longer supported by vendors are replaced.	ISM-1501
Multi-factor authentication	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1504
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive data.	ISM-1679
	Multi-factor authentication (where available) is used to authenticate users to third-party online services that process, store or communicate their organisation's non-sensitive data.	ISM-1680
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to their organisation's online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1892
	Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users to third-party online customer services that process, store or communicate their organisation's sensitive customer data.	ISM-1893



Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate customers to online customer services that process, store or communicate sensitive customer data.	ISM-1681
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate privileged users of systems.	ISM-1173
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate unprivileged users of systems.	ISM-0974
Multi-factor authentication is used to authenticate users of data repositories.	ISM-1505
Multi-factor authentication uses either: something users have and something users know, or something users have that is unlocked by something users know or are.	ISM-1401
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating users of online services is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1872
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating customers of online customer services is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1874
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating users of systems is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1682
Multi-factor authentication used for authenticating users of data repositories is phishing-resistant.	ISM-1894
Successful and unsuccessful multi-factor authentication events are centrally logged.	ISM-1683
Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
Event logs from non-internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1907
Event logs from workstations are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-0109
Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123



Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.Restrict administrative privilegesRequests for privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories are validated when first requested.Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is disabled after 12 months unless revalidated.Privileged access to systems and applications is disabled after 45 days of inactivity.Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used solely for duties requiring privileged access.	ISM-0140 ISM-1819 ISM-1507 ISM-1647 ISM-1648 ISM-0445
Restrict administrative privilegesRequests for privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories are validated when first requested.Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is disabled after 12 months unless revalidated.Privileged access to systems and applications is disabled after 45 days of inactivity.Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used	ISM-1507 ISM-1647 ISM-1648
administrative repositories are validated when first requested. privileges Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is disabled after 12 months unless revalidated. Privileged access to systems and applications is disabled after 45 days of inactivity. Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used	ISM-1647 ISM-1648
 Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is disabled after 12 months unless revalidated. Privileged access to systems and applications is disabled after 45 days of inactivity. Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used 	ISM-1648
inactivity. Privileged users are assigned a dedicated privileged account to be used	
	ISM-0445
Privileged access to systems, applications and data repositories is limited to only what is required for users and services to undertake their duties.	ISM-1508
Privileged accounts (excluding those explicitly authorised to access online services) are prevented from accessing the internet, email and web services.	ISM-1175
Privileged accounts explicitly authorised to access online services are strictly limited to only what is required for users and services to undertake their duties.	ISM-1883
Secure Admin Workstations are used in the performance of administrative activities.	ISM-1898
Privileged users use separate privileged and unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1380
Privileged operating environments are not virtualised within unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1687
Unprivileged accounts cannot logon to privileged operating environments.	ISM-1688
Privileged accounts (excluding local administrator accounts) cannot logon to unprivileged operating environments.	ISM-1689
Just-in-time administration is used for administering systems and applications.	ISM-1649
Administrative activities are conducted through jump servers.	ISM-1387



Credentials for break glass accounts, local administrator accounts and service accounts are long, unique, unpredictable and managed.	ISM-1685
Memory integrity functionality is enabled.	ISM-1896
Local Security Authority protection functionality is enabled.	ISM-1861
Credential Guard functionality is enabled.	ISM-1686
Remote Credential Guard functionality is enabled.	ISM-1897
Privileged access events are centrally logged.	ISM-1509
Privileged account and group management events are centrally logged.	ISM-1650
Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
Event logs from non-internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1907
Event logs from workstations are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-0109
Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123
Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0140
Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819
Application control is implemented on workstations.	ISM-0843
Application control is implemented on internet-facing servers.	ISM-1490
Application control is implemented on non-internet-facing servers.	ISM-1656
Application control is applied to user profiles and temporary folders used by operating systems, web browsers and email clients.	ISM-1870
	service accounts are long, unique, unpredictable and managed. Memory integrity functionality is enabled. Local Security Authority protection functionality is enabled. Credential Guard functionality is enabled. Remote Credential Guard functionality is enabled. Privileged access events are centrally logged. Privileged account and group management events are centrally logged. Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion. Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events. Event logs from non-internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events. Event logs from workstations are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events. Cyber security events. Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events. Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered. Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered. Application control is implemented on workstations. Application control is implemented on internet-facing servers. Application control is implemented on non-internet-facing servers.



	Application control is applied to all locations other than user profiles and temporary folders used by operating systems, web browsers and email clients.	ISM-1871
	Application control restricts the execution of executables, software libraries, scripts, installers, compiled HTML, HTML applications and control panel applets to an organisation-approved set.	ISM-1657
	Application control restricts the execution of drivers to an organisation- approved set.	ISM-1658
	Microsoft's recommended application blocklist is implemented.	ISM-1544
	Microsoft's vulnerable driver blocklist is implemented.	ISM-1659
	Application control rulesets are validated on an annual or more frequent basis.	ISM-1582
	Allowed and blocked application control events are centrally logged.	ISM-1660
	Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
	Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
	Event logs from non-internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1907
	Event logs from workstations are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-0109
	Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
	Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123
	Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0140
	Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819
Restrict Microsoft Office macros	Microsoft Office macros are disabled for users that do not have a demonstrated business requirement.	ISM-1671



	Only Microsoft Office macros running from within a sandboxed environment, a Trusted Location or that are digitally signed by a trusted publisher are allowed to execute.	ISM-1674
	Microsoft Office macros are checked to ensure they are free of malicious code before being digitally signed or placed within Trusted Locations.	ISM-1890
	Only privileged users responsible for checking that Microsoft Office macros are free of malicious code can write to and modify content within Trusted Locations.	ISM-1487
	Microsoft Office macros digitally signed by an untrusted publisher cannot be enabled via the Message Bar or Backstage View.	ISM-1675
	Microsoft Office macros digitally signed by signatures other than V3 signatures cannot be enabled via the Message Bar or Backstage View.	ISM-1891
	Microsoft Office's list of trusted publishers is validated on an annual or more frequent basis.	ISM-1676
	Microsoft Office macros in files originating from the internet are blocked.	ISM-1488
	Microsoft Office macro antivirus scanning is enabled.	ISM-1672
	Microsoft Office macros are blocked from making Win32 API calls.	ISM-1673
	Microsoft Office macro security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1489
User application hardening	Internet Explorer 11 is disabled or removed.	ISM-1654
nardening	Web browsers do not process Java from the internet.	ISM-1486
	Web browsers do not process web advertisements from the internet.	ISM-1485
	Web browsers are hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1412
	Web browser security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1585
	Microsoft Office is blocked from creating child processes.	ISM-1667
	Microsoft Office is blocked from creating executable content.	ISM-1668
	Microsoft Office is blocked from injecting code into other processes.	ISM-1669



Microsoft Office is configured to prevent activation of Object Linking and Embedding packages.	ISM-1542
Office productivity suites are hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1859
Office productivity suite security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1823
PDF software is blocked from creating child processes.	ISM-1670
PDF software is hardened using ASD and vendor hardening guidance, with the most restrictive guidance taking precedence when conflicts occur.	ISM-1860
PDF software security settings cannot be changed by users.	ISM-1824
.NET Framework 3.5 (includes .NET 2.0 and 3.0) is disabled or removed.	ISM-1655
Windows PowerShell 2.0 is disabled or removed.	ISM-1621
PowerShell is configured to use Constrained Language Mode.	ISM-1622
PowerShell module logging, script block logging and transcription events are centrally logged.	ISM-1623
Command line process creation events are centrally logged.	ISM-1889
Event logs are protected from unauthorised modification and deletion.	ISM-1815
Event logs from internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1906
Event logs from non-internet-facing servers are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-1907
Event logs from workstations are analysed in a timely manner to detect cyber security events.	ISM-0109
Cyber security events are analysed in a timely manner to identify cyber security incidents.	ISM-1228
Cyber security incidents are reported to the Chief Information Security Officer, or one of their delegates, as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0123
Cyber security incidents are reported to ASD as soon as possible after they occur or are discovered.	ISM-0140



	Following the identification of a cyber security incident, the cyber security incident response plan is enacted.	ISM-1819
Regular backups	Backups of data, applications and settings are performed and retained in accordance with business criticality and business continuity requirements.	ISM-1511
	Backups of data, applications and settings are synchronised to enable restoration to a common point in time.	ISM-1810
	Backups of data, applications and settings are retained in a secure and resilient manner.	ISM-1811
	Restoration of data, applications and settings from backups to a common point in time is tested as part of disaster recovery exercises.	ISM-1515
	Unprivileged accounts cannot access backups belonging to other accounts.	ISM-1812
	Unprivileged accounts cannot access their own backups.	ISM-1813
	Privileged accounts (excluding backup administrator accounts) cannot access backups belonging to other accounts.	ISM-1705
	Privileged accounts (excluding backup administrator accounts) cannot access their own backups.	ISM-1706
	Unprivileged accounts are prevented from modifying and deleting backups.	ISM-1814
	Privileged accounts (excluding backup administrator accounts) are prevented from modifying and deleting backups.	ISM-1707
	Backup administrator accounts are prevented from modifying and deleting backups during their retention period.	ISM-1708

Further information

The <u>Information Security Manual</u> is a cyber security framework that organisations can apply to protect their systems and data from cyber threats. The advice in the <u>Strategies to Mitigate Cyber Security Incidents</u>, along with its <u>Essential</u> <u>Eight</u>, complements this framework.

Contact details

If you have any questions regarding this guidance you can write to us or call us on 1300 CYBER1 (1300 292 371).

Disclaimer

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For more information, or to report a cyber security incident, contact us:

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